

**AMERICAN INTERNATIONAL UNIVERSITY-BANGLADESH**

**Faculty of Engineering**

OEL Report

**Experiment Title: Automatic home light control using Arduino Uno.**

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| **Course Teacher:** | Md. Shaoran Sayem | | |

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**Experiment Title:** Automatic home light control using Arduino Uno.

## Introduction:

In this experiment, we propose an Automatic Home Lighting System utilizing Arduino Uno microcontroller board, aiming to design a cost-effective, energy-efficient solution for household illumination. Integrating light and motion sensors, the system dynamically adjusts lighting based on ambient conditions and occupancy. Hardware components include Arduino Uno, sensors, and relay modules, while software programming orchestrates their interaction for real-time control. Through this experiment, we aim to demonstrate the feasibility and effectiveness of Arduino-based home automation, offering insights into its potential for enhancing convenience, energy efficiency, and user experience in residential settings.

## Equipment List:

1. Arduino Uno Board
2. Virtual Terminal
3. Temperature Sensor
4. Potentiometer and a resistor of 10 kohm
5. Resistor
6. Breadboard
7. Jumper Wires

# Theory and Methodology:

The experiment "Automatic Home Lighting System Using Arduino Uno" aims to develop a system that autonomously controls home lighting based on predefined conditions. This involves integrating components such as Arduino Uno microcontroller, light sensors, motion sensors, relay modules, and lighting fixtures. The theoretical framework encompasses time-based control, light-level-based control, and motion-based control. The Arduino Uno processes inputs from sensors and executes programmed logic to switch lighting on or off accordingly. Implementation involves programming the Arduino, connecting sensors and relay modules, and testing the system for efficiency and reliability. The benefits include energy savings, convenience, and enhanced security through automated lighting control.

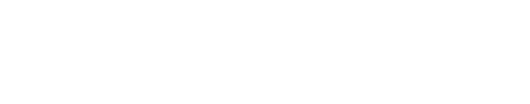
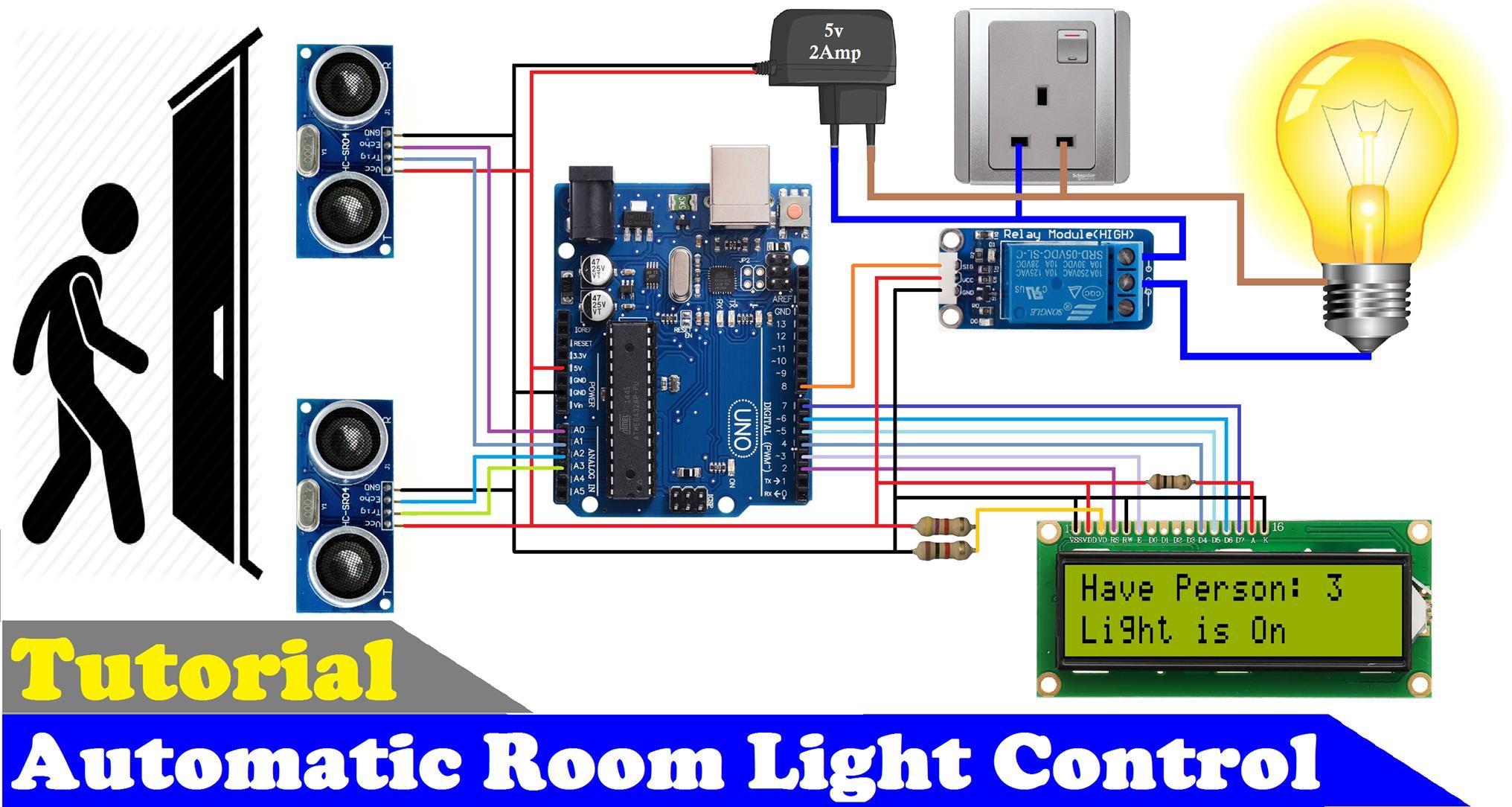


Figure 1 : Automatic room light control

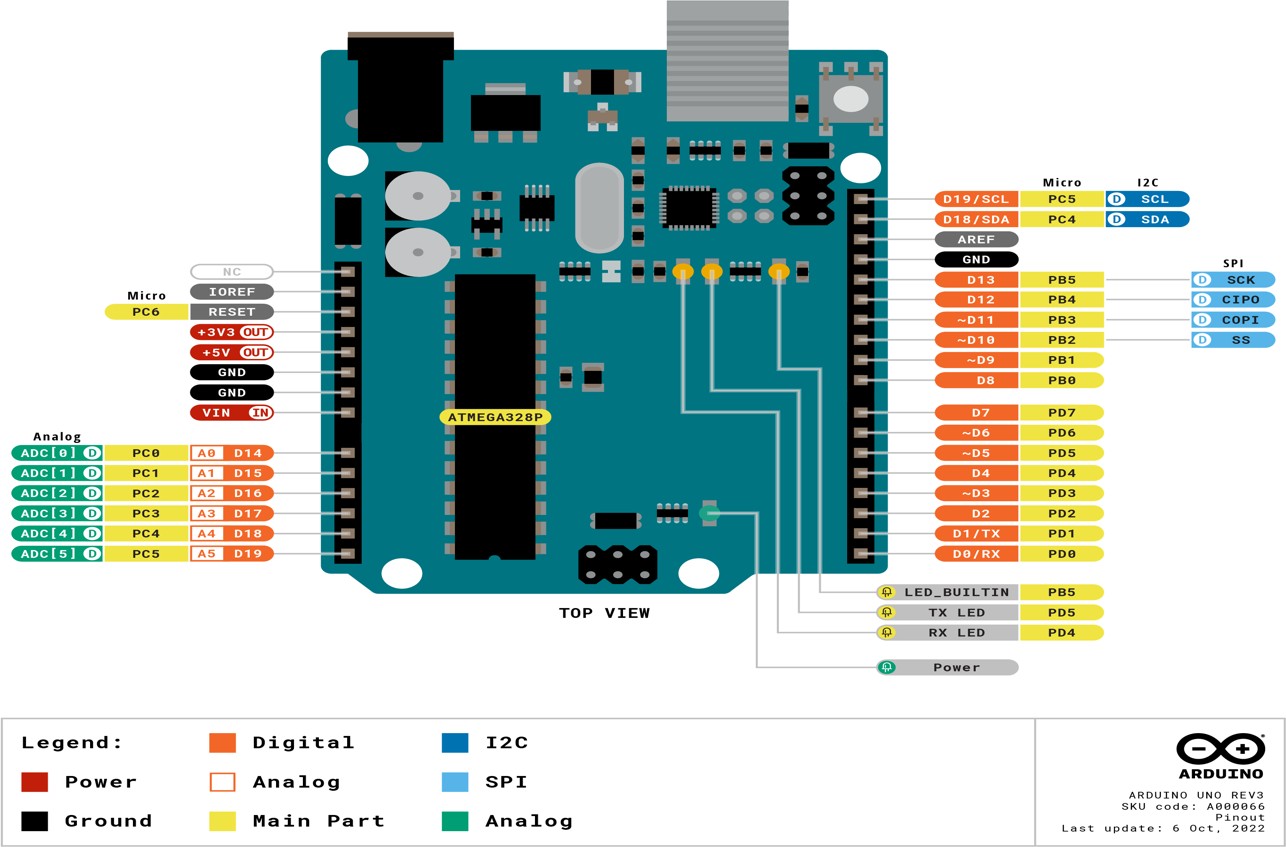


Figure 2 : Arduino Uno

**Experimental Circuit Diagram:**

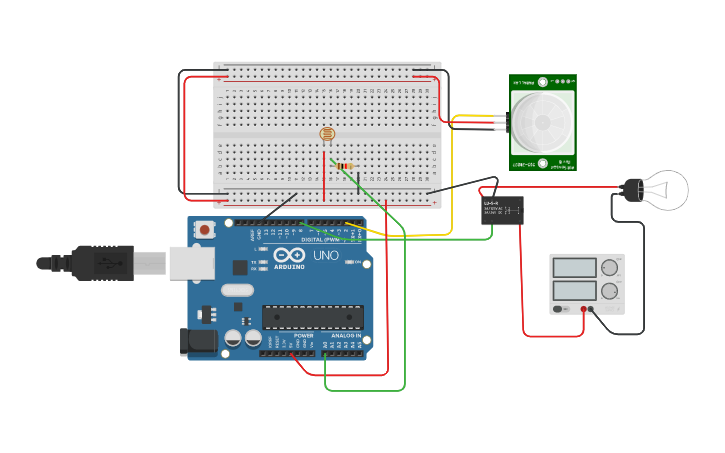


Figure 3 : Automatic room light control

# Experimental Procedure :

* 1. The Arduino Uno was programmed using the Arduino IDE or any compatible development environment.
  2. Sensors were connected to the Arduino's digital or analog pins, depending on their type and interface requirements.
  3. Relay modules were connected to the Arduino's digital pins to control the switching of the lighting fixtures.
  4. The programming logic was implemented to handle different scenarios such as time-based control, light-level-based control, and motion-based control.
  5. The system was tested and refined to ensure reliable and efficient operation.

## Code/Program(Arduino Uno ):

const int analogPin = A0; const int ledPin = 10; const int threshold= 400; void setup(){

pinMode(ledPin,OUTPUT); Serial.begin(9600);

}

void loop ()

{

int analogValue=analogRead(analogPin); if(analogValue>threshold)

{

digitalWrite(ledPin, HIGH);

}

else

{

digitalWrite(ledPin,LOW);

}

Serial.println(analogValue); delay(10);

}

## Simulation Output Results:

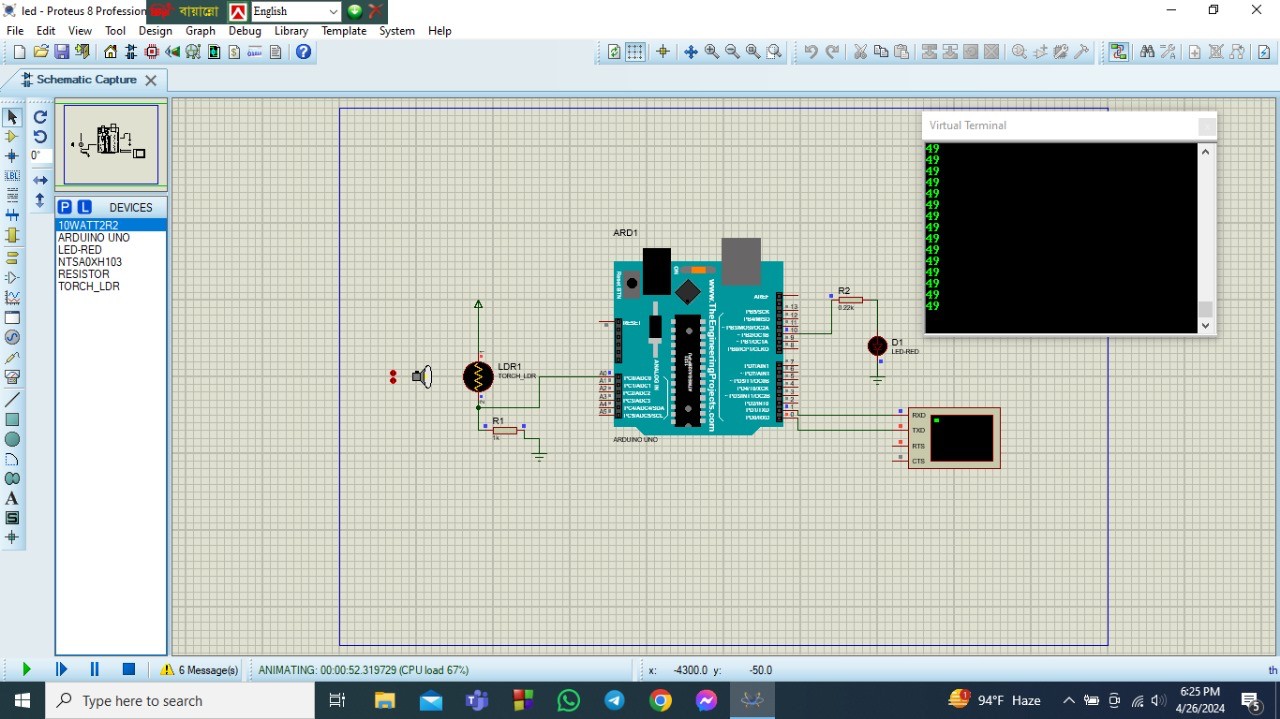


Figure 4 : LED is OFF when distance is in 49m

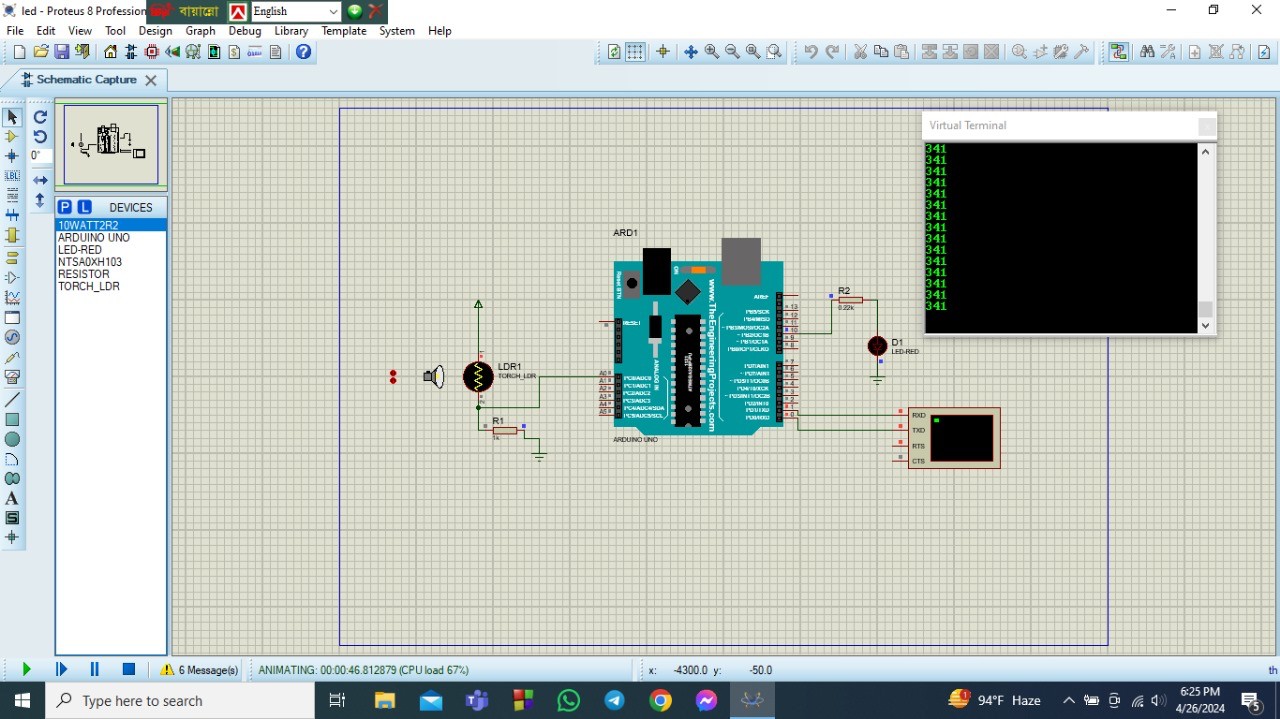


Figure 5 : LED is OFF when distance is in 341 m

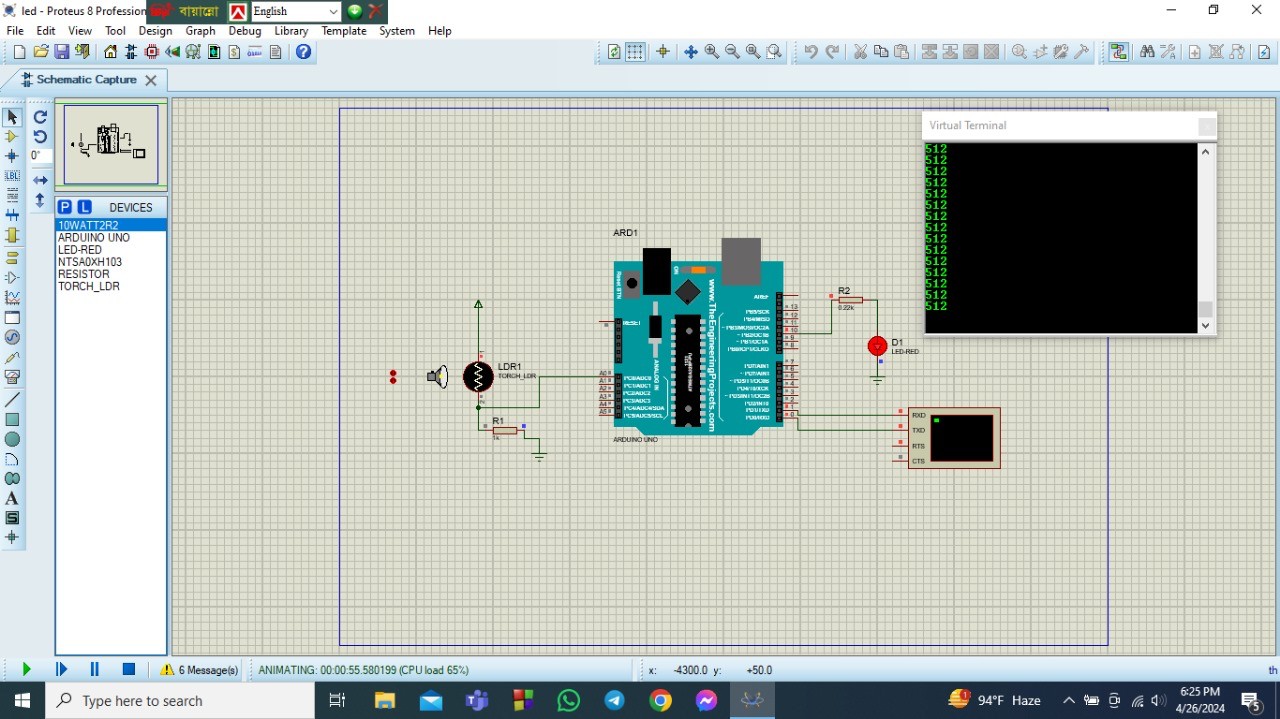


Figure 6 : LED is ON when distance is in 512 m

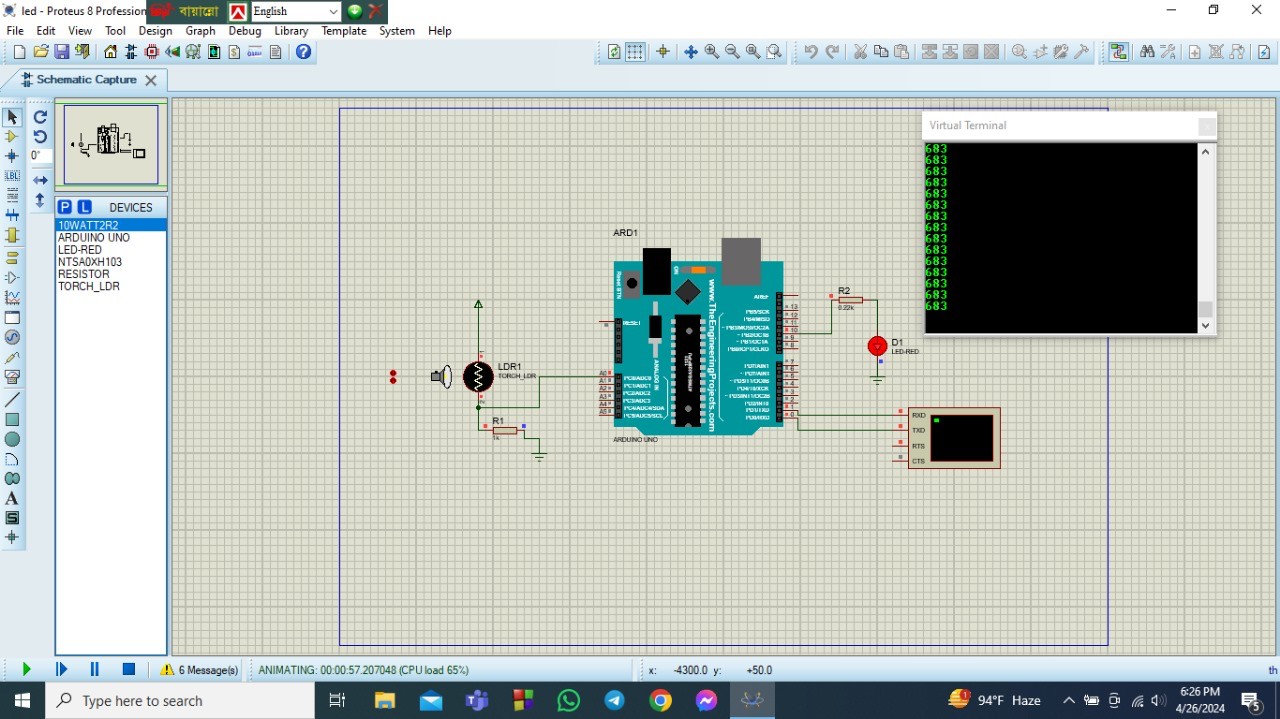


Figure 8: LED is ON when distance is in 683 m

## DISCUSSION:

The experiment "Automatic Home Lighting System Using Arduino Uno" successfully demonstrated the feasibility of creating an autonomous lighting control system for homes. Through the integration of sensors, relay modules, and programmed logic, the Arduino Uno microcontroller effectively managed lighting based on time, ambient light levels, and motion detection. This approach offered benefits such as energy savings, convenience, and enhanced security. Rigorous testing and refinement ensured the system's reliability and efficiency, highlighting its potential contribution to smart home technology and sustainable living environments.

## REFERENCES:

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